

Flexible Grouping from DIBELS Data

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Objectives of the Session

- Participants will look at data in a variety of ways
- Participants will make informed instructional decisions based on data
- Participants will create flexible groups based on need and determine instructional needs

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Research

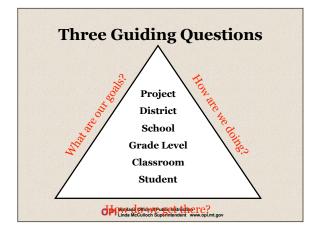
- "Data-driven decision-making can be defined as the process of selecting, gathering and analyzing data to address school improvement or student achievement problems and challenges and acting on those findings."

 Steffer, 2002, pg 8
- "Assessment data provides meaningful guidance in the process of continuous improvement."

National Staff Development Council, 2001, pg 4

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What Are Our Goals?

- · At a project level?
- · At a district level?
- · At a school level?
- At a grade level?
- · At a classroom level?
- · At a student level?

Creating a common goal for all parties involved to work toward will be a force to be reckoned with!

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Guiding Questions

- How are we doing in comparison to other *xyz*?
- What are the successful *xyz* doing that can be shared &/or replicated?

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How are We Doing?

- How are we at keeping benchmark students at benchmark?
- · How are we at moving our strategic students?
- How are we at moving our intensive students?
- What professional development needs to be provided to implement those changes?
- Which students in interventions actually made adequate growth?

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Guiding Questions

- · Which did not make adequate growth?
- How well are the interventions matching the skill deficits of the children in the group?
- How can the instruction be intensified to move the students as fast as we can but as slow as we have to?
- · Is restructuring needed?

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Summary of Impact Report DIBELS - Oral Reading Fluency Fall of 1st Grade Winter of 1st Grade Impact of Benchmark Curriculum Superior Standard Standard Superior Su



	80000	PSF	10000	NWF		RTF		WUF	- [ORF	
Student	Score	Percentile	Score"	Percentile	Score	Percentile	Score	Percentile	Score	Percentile	Instructional Recommendations*
	40	15.4	140	>99	42	> 99	60	74.4	171	> 99	Benchmark - At grade level
	59	53.8	50	20.5	12	70.9	52	48.7	03	97.4	Benchmark - At grade level
	70	94.9	84	82.1	10	68.7	70	92.3	62	94.9	Benchmark - At grade level
	54	20.5	56	43.6	25	97.4	51	41.0	61	92.3	Benchmark - At grade level
	64	79.5	87	87.2	10	68.7	62	79.5	50	89.7	Benchmark - At grade level
Benchmark	55	35.9	75	76.9	2	33.3	43	12.8	44	87.2	Benchmark - At grade level
	63	69.2	117	97.4	11	71.8	48	25.8	39	82.1	Benchmark - At grade level
17/40=43%	60	59.0	56	43.6	22	94.9	44	20.5	39	82.1	Benchmark - At grade level
	58	43.6	51	25.0	21	92.3	52	48.7	32	79.5	Benchmark - At grade level
	54	20.5	80	56.4	11	71.8	58	66.7	28	78.9	Benchmark - At grade level
	63	09.2	00	66.7	19	89.7	67	89.7	25	71.8	Benchmark - At grade level
	56	35.9	75	76.9	7	59.0	54	58.4	25	71.8	Benchmark - At grade level
Strategic	73	97.4	54	35.9	14	84.5	49	33.3	24	69.2	Benchmark - At grade level
-	67	89.7	92	92.3	13	82.1	51	41.0	22	88.7	Benchmark - At grade level
20/40=50%	58	43.6	62	59.0	9	61.5	85	> 99	21	61.5	Benchmark - At grade level
	61	61.5	84	61.5	3	38.5	73	94.9	21	61.5	Benchmark - At grade level
	67	41.0	94	94.9	4	48.2	43	12.8	20	59.0	Benchmark - At grade level
	77	> 99	50	43.8	18	87.2	68	87.2	19	53.8	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	58	43.6	73	71.8	9	61.5	52	48.7	19	53.8	Strategic - Additional Intervention
Intensive	64	79.5	67	69.2	6	53.8	60	74.4	17	48.7	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	65	87.2	53	33.3	3	38.5	45	23.1	17	48.7	Strategic - Additional Intervention
3/40=8%	55	30.8	54	35.9	12	78.9	63	82.1	16	48.2	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	37	10.3	51	25.6	4	48.2	51	41.0	15	43.6	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	61	61.5	74	74.4	5	51.3	55	64.1	14	41.0	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	63	69.2	87	87.2	3	38.5	57	69.2	13	33.3	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	49	17.9	51	25.6	2	33.3	54	58.4	13	33.3	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	62	66.7	50	51.3	0	< 1	48	25.8	13	33.3	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	58	43.6	49	17.9	0	< 1	58	71.8	12	30.8	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	68	92.3	54	35.9	0	<1	54	58.4	11	28.2	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	28	5.1	84	82.1	1	30.8	37	5.1	10	25.6	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	59	53.8	45	15.4	6	53.8	74	97.4	9	12.8	Strategic - Additional Intervention
	34	7.7	65	04.1	0	< 1	50	35.9	9	12.8	Strategio - Additional Intervention
	19	2.6	44	12.8	0	<1	50 47	35.9	9	12.8	Strategic - Additional Intervention Strategic - Additional Intervention
	54	20.5	42	7.7	0	<1	43	12.8	9	12.8	
	55	20.6	33	2.6	l o	<1	38	7.7	8	10.3	Strategic - Additional Intervention Strategic - Additional Intervention
	64	79.5	40	5.1	0	<1	63	82.1		7,7	Intensive - Needs Substantial Intervent
	54	20.5	42	7.7	lő	<1	40	10.3	5	5.1	Intensive - Needs Substantial Intervent
	28	12.8	50	20.5	0	<1	25	2.6	0	6.1	Strategio - Additional Intervention

Decision Factors

- · Meeting to discuss data
 - Problem solving approach
 - Protocol for discussions
 - Shared responsibility
- Examining programmatic issues
 - Are students successful in the core program?
 - Does instruction need to be intensified?
 - Is there a need for an intervention program?
 - Does core need to be supplemented?

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Steps for Instructional Planning and Progress Munitoring Determine who noted additional new ordered support Use Determine who noted additional new ordered support Use Determine who noted additional new ordered support Use Determine who and agree to the contract of vertilizing Determine of the stage of the stage

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How Do We Get There? · Determining instructional time - Allocated time - Actual time - Engaged time - Extended time · Grouping students by common needs - Keep high risk group size small (3-5) - Reduce group size if not making progress - Monitor frequently to regroup - Differentiate instruction based on need - Consider attitudes, behaviors, and work ethics when forming & modifying groups OPI Montana Office of Public Instruction Linda McCulloch Superintendent www.opi.mt.gov How Do We Get There as **Professionals?** · Who needs professional development? · What specific level of knowledge or skill is expected? · How, who and when will this support be delivered? · When will participants implement what they · How will you know the professional development was successful? **How Do We Get There?** · Professional development plan should: - Examine data to identify instructional needs - Be developed collaboratively by leadership team - Be grounded in research-based practices - Focus on what students need to learn - Prepare teachers to use the core, supplemental, & intervention materials - Build capacity within the school

- Be coordinated with district and state PD

opportunities

- Provide teachers with a variety of continuous learning



Phonics Survey

- Assesses
 - Phonics
 - Phonics related skills
 - Skills needed for beginning reading
- · Pseudowords
 - Made up words
 - Assess decoding words
 - Prevents sight word reading
- · Helps determine instructional groups
- May be administered every 4-6 weeks
 - OPI Montana Office of Public Instruction Linda McCulloch Superintendent www.opi.mt.gov

Why Phonics Surveys?

- Points to areas most beneficial in systematic, explicit phonics instruction
- · Shows deficits of skill
- · Allows reinforcement of established skills
- · Allows for instruction in unconfirmed skills
- · Determines when skill is mastered
- Allows for targeted instruction

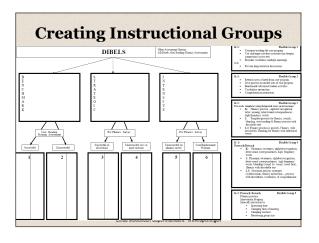
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Teacher Resource # Azzessment Tool	
CORE Phonics Survey – Record Form	
CORE FIIOINGS Survey - Record Form	
Name	
Grade Date	
SKILLS SUMMARY	
Alphabet Skills	
/ 28 Letter names - uppercase / 26 Letter names - lovercase	
/20 Letter names - lowercase /23 Consonant sounds	
/5 Long vowel sounds	
/ 5 Short vowel sounds	
Reading and Decoding Skills	
/ 10 Short vowes in CVC words	
/ 10 Short vowels, digraphs, and -tch trigraph	
/ 20 Consonant blends with short vowels	
/ 10 Long vowel spellings	
/10 Veriant vowels and diphthongs /10 /- and /-controlled vowels	
/ 10 /- and i-controlled vowels / 24 Multisyllabic words	
Spelling Skills	
/ 5 Initial consonants	
/ 6 Final consonants	
/5 CVC words /5 Long vowel spellings	
5 Long vower sperings	
Skills to review:	



Letter Names: Uppercase	Letter Names: Lowercase	Consonant Sounds	Long Vowel Sounds	Short Vowels	Short Vowels in CVC Word
26/26	26/26	23/23	5/5	5/5	8/10
Student Names	Student Names	Student Names	Student Names	Student Names	Student Names
COI	RE Phoni	ics Scre	ener Fle	xible Gro	oups
Short Vowels,	Consonant Blends w/ Short Vowels	Long Vowel Spellings	Variant Vowels and Diphthongs	R- and L- Controlled Vowels	OUPS Multisyllabic Words
Short Vowels,	Consonant Blends w/	Long Vowel	Variant Vowels and	R- and L- Controlled	Multisyllabic
Short Vowels, Digraphs/-tch	Consonant Blends w/ Short Vowels	Long Vowel Spellings	Variant Vowels and Diphthongs	R- and L- Controlled Vowels	Multisyllabic Words

Letter Names: Uppercase	Letter Names: Lowercase	Consonant Sounds	Long Vowel Sounds	Short Vowels	Short Vowels in CVC Word
Student Names	Student Names	Student Names	Student Names	Student Names	Student Names
	COPE P	honias	Paragnar	Groups	Student 11 Student 14 Student 18
	COLLI	Homes C	oci center	Oroups	
Short Vowels, Digraphs/-tch	Consonant Blends w/ Short Vowels	Long Vowel Spellings	Variant Vowels and Dipthongs	R- and L- Controlled Vowels	Multisyllabic Words
Vowels,	Blends w/		Vowels and	Controlled	





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An	other \	Way	y to	Look at It				
Group 1:	Student's Name	LNF	ISF	Needed Instruction				
DIBELS Overall Recommendation -	Ottudent a Name	Score	Score	Continue to use core program Activities to deepen connections across texts				
Benchmark LNF – Low Risk				Advanced students activities Keep challenging them				
ISF - Low Risk Passing core program								
assessments in ALL areas								
Group 2: Facts	Student's Name	LNF	ISF					
DIBELS Overall	Student's Name	Score	Score	Reteach areas of need from core program				
Recommendation – Benchmark LNF – Low Risk				Additional practice in these skill areas Continue to use core program Activities to deepen connections across texts Benchmark/Advanced students activities				
ISF – Low Risk				Keep challenging them				
Passing core program assessments in SOME areas								
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Int	ensify	ing	In	struction	-			
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• Dynam	ic Groupi	ng						
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Intensifying Instruction

- · Dynamic Duration
 - Changing time elements of intervention
 - Examples:
 - · Beginning intervention in August rather than October
 - · Changing the time of day for intervention
 - · Extending intervention from 30 minutes to 60
 - Allocating more time to phonics activities over phonemic awareness activities

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Other Ways to Look at Data

- · Fluency Gains Charts
 - Determines level of fluency gain
 - **Maximum Gains**
 - Average Plus Gains

 - Average Gains Below Average Gains
- · Progress Monitoring Charts
 - Great visual to determine movement
 - Automatically color codes
 - Intensive: 2x, strategic: 1x, benchmark: periodically/month
- · Adequate Progress
 - Overall instructional recommendation to key indicator
 - Maintaining benchmark - Strategic to benchmark

 - Intensive to strategic

 - Intensive to benchmark
 Each state has required parameter www.opl.mt.gov

Fluency Gains Charts Based on 12 weeks of 2nd Grade 3rd Grade 4th Grade 5th Grade 1st Grade instruction Maximum ≥ 59 ≥ 48 ≥ 29 ≥ 17 ≥ 13 Average Plus 42-58 25-47 17-28 11-16 Average 25-41 17-24 13-16 5-10 1-6 < 1 Below Average < 25 < 17 < 13 < 5

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Fall 2	006-	DORF	70	Winte 2006-	r	DORF	70	TOTAL GAINS	GAINS PER WEEK FOR 110	Spring 2007-	9	DORF	₽	TOTAL GAINS	GAINS PER WEEK
Last	First	7	1	Last	First	7	-1	0	8.6	Last	First			-7	-0.6
		16	1			14	1	-2	8.0					-14	-1.2
		23	1			33	1	10	6.4					-33	-2.8
		49	1			67	s	18	3.6					-67	-5.6
		52	1			69	S	17	3.4					-69	-5.8
		73	S			70	S	-3	3.3					-70	-5.8
		44	1			70	S	26	3.3					-70	-5.8
		45	1			76	S	31	2.8					-76	-6.3
		51	1			81	S	30	2.4					-81	-6.8
		69	S			82	S	13	2.3					-82	-6.8
		58	S			86	S	28	2.0					-86	-7.2
		48	1			89	S	41	1.8					-89	-7.4
		87	В			98	В	11	1.0					-98	-8.2
		67	S			99	В	32	0.9					-99	-8.3
		73	S			116	В	43	-0.5					-116	-9.7
		113	В		ΔDI	142	В		lic InStructio					-142	-11.8

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	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
First Name											
Student 1		86		65		81		73		92	
Student 2	71	57	70	61	70	92	78	62	77	94	61
Student 3	15	13	21	20	19		35	19	18	25	22
Student 4	72	76	86	67	95	111	79	62	91	102	55
Student 5	72	59	81	66		94	93	107	94	102	60
Student 6		111		85				113			
Student 7	68	54				66		65		81	
Student 8	86	54	59	75	60		81	65	73	87	55
Student 9		79		58		73		87		94	
Student 10		100		83		113		96		121	
Student 11	49	27	30	40	33	27	44	25	41	35	
		0				Instruction tendent v		nt.gov			

				DIBELS - Oral Re							
Impact of Curriculu		chmark		Impact Support	of Strat	egic		Impact o			
Students at Benchmark at Fall of Year	- li	Fall Winter DORF DORF Score Score	Reached Winter Target of 20	Students at Strategic at Fall of Year	Fall DORF Score	DORF	Reached Winter Target of 20	Students at Intensive at Fall of Year	Fall DORF Score		Reached Winter Target of
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	0	20	√								
	0	10			Lost 2	/14 =	14%				
	ø	19	,	In	reased	to Be	nchmark				
		Lost 5/18	- 28%		3/1	4 = 21	%				
Average Sc	io A	taintained B		Average Score:	0	15	Count: 3/14 Percent: 21%	Average Score:	0	0	Count: 0/ Percent: 0



Intervention

- Intervention is instruction that enables struggling readers to make rapid progress and read as well as or better than their peers not struggling in reading

 Ann Duffy, 200
- Instruction must be more focused, explicit and systematic
- Instruction must include word identification strategies and reading fluency practice with connected text
- Instruction must provide ample opportunities for guided practice, appropriate levels of scaffolding and responsive feedback

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Quotes

"The true measure of a great team is that it accomplishes the results it sets out to achieve."

"To stay focused, teams must publicly clarify their desired results and keep them visible."

Lencioni, 200

"Data driven instruction is one of the best things about Reading First, so that the needs of the children can be specifically met."

Elementary Principal

"I don't feel that anyone is getting left behind."

Classroom teacher

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"This has given me more things to celebrate through repeated progress monitoring and testing. I have a chance to celebrate even the little gains. It also gives me direction and focus for my teaching and for grouping."

"Having used DIBELS, I know better how to give strategic support more effectively and efficiently. One of the most useful things I've learned is to identify at-risk students early in the year and to be consistent with intervention groups. DIBELS has helped me to teach more strategically to students at the lower end of the learning profile. The most dramatic impact on my teaching has been the realization of the importance of fluency – not just knowing letters and sounds, but knowing them rapidly and accurately. I don't feel that anyone is getting left behind."

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Resource Pages

- Creating Instructional Groups Flow Chart
- · Grade Level Instructional Groups Chart
- · Instructional Planning Steps Flow Chart
- Phonics Screener Table
- · Fluency Gains Chart
- · Flexible Grouping
- ktiefenthaler@mt.gov for electronic version
 - Fluency gains charts
 - Progress monitoring color coding

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- · AIMSWeb.com, 2006.
- Crowl, Rhonda, Steps for Instructional Planning and Progress Monitoring, 2004.
- WRRFTAC, Fair to Good Good to Excellent: Sharing Effective Reading First Practices, March 2007.
- Hancock PhD, Carrie, Using Data to Make Instructional Decisions, 2005.
- Scholastic Core Phonics Survey

http://www.scholastic.com/dodea/Module 2/resources/dodea m2 tr core.pdf

• Tiefenthaler, Kathi, Taking Data to the Next Level, 2006.

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